KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA, EMBASSY OF INDIA, KATHMANDU, NEPAL SAMPLE PAPER 01 FOR PERIODIC TEST 02 (2025-26)

(Quadratic Equations, AP, Triangles and Coordinate Geometry)

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS MAX. MARKS: 40 CLASS: X DURATION: 13 hrs

General Instructions:

- (i). All questions are compulsory.
- (ii). This question paper contains 20 questions divided into five Sections A, B, C, D and E.
- (iii). Section A comprises of 10 MCQs of 1 mark each. Section B comprises of 4 questions of 2 marks each. Section C comprises of 3 questions of 3 marks each. Section D comprises of 1 question of 5 marks each and Section E comprises of 2 Case Study Based Questions of 4 marks each.
- (iv). There is no overall choice.
- Use of Calculators is not permitted

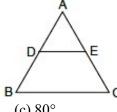
 $\frac{SECTION-A}{\text{Questions 1 to 10 carry 1 mark each.}}$

- 1. If (a, b) is the mid point of the line segment joining the points A (10, -6) and B (k, 4) and a 2b= 18, the values of k is
 - (a) 30

- (b) 22
- (c)4
- (d) 40

- 2. Which of the following equations has no real roots?

- (a) $x^2 4x + 3\sqrt{2} = 0$ (b) $x^2 + 4x 3\sqrt{2} = 0$ (c) $x^2 4x 3\sqrt{2} = 0$ (d) $3x^2 + 4\sqrt{3}x + 4 = 0$
- 3. In the given figure, $\frac{AD}{RD} = \frac{AE}{EC}$ and $\angle ADE = 70^{\circ}$, $\angle BAC = 50^{\circ}$, then angle $\angle BCA =$



- (a) 70°
- (b) 50°
- (c) 80°
- (d) 60°
- **4.** Which of the following are the roots of the quadratic equation, $x^2 9x + 20 = 0$?
 - (a) 3, 4
- (b) 4, 5
- (c) 5, 6
- (d) 6, 7
- 5. If p 1, p + 3, 3p 1 are in AP, then p is equal to
 - (a) 3
- (b) 4
- (c) 2

- (d) none of these
- 6. If the distance between the points (4, p) and (1, 0) is 5 units, then the value of p is
 - (a) 4 only
- (b) ± 4
- (c) -4 only

- 7. If the 2nd term of an AP is 13 and the 5th term is 25, what is its 7th term?

- (b) 33
- (c) 37
- (d) 38
- **8.** If in two triangles ABC and PQR, $\frac{AB}{QR} = \frac{BC}{PR} = \frac{CA}{PQ}$, then
 - (a) $\triangle PQR \sim \triangle CAB$
- (b) $\triangle PQR \sim \triangle ABC$ (c) $\triangle CBA \sim \triangle PQR$ (d) $\triangle BCA \sim \triangle PQR$

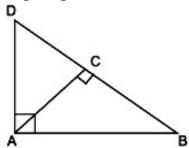
In the following questions 9 and 10, a statement of assertion (A) is followed by a statement of reason (R). Mark the correct choice as:

- (a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- (b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.
- **9.** Assertion (A): The value of k = 2, if one root of the quadratic equation $6x^2 x k = 0$ is 2/3. **Reason (R):** The quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, $a \ne 0$ has two roots.
- **10.** Assertion (A): The value of n, if a = 10, d = 5, an = 95 is 20 **Reason (R):** The formula of general term an is an = a + (n - 1)d.

<u>SECTION – B</u>

Questions 11 to 14 carry 2 marks each.

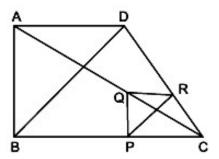
- 11. Find the point on x-axis which is equidistant from the points (2, -5) and (-2, 9).
- 12. Solve the quadratic equation: $x^2 + 2\sqrt{2x} 6 = 0$ for x.
- 13. In figure, $\triangle ABD$ is a right triangle, right angled at A and AC \perp BD. Prove that $AB^2 = BC.BD$.



14. Find the value of 'k' for which the quadratic equation $2kx^2 - 40x + 25 = 0$ has real and equal roots.

 $\underline{SECTION-C}$ Questions 15 to 17 carry 3 marks each.

- 15. If α and β are roots of the quadratic equation $x^2 7x + 10 = 0$, find the quadratic equation whose roots are α^2 and β^2 .
- **16.** Find the value of the middle term of the following AP: -6, -2, 2, ..., 58.
- 17. In figure, two triangles ABC and DBC lie on the same side of base BC. P is a point on BC such that PQ || BA and PR || BD. Prove that QR || AD.

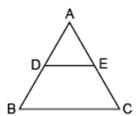


SECTION – D

Questions 18 carry 5 marks.

18. If a line is drawn parallel to one side of a triangle, the other two sides are divided in the same ratio, prove it. Use this result to prove the following:

In figure, D and E are points on AB and AC respectively, such that DE || BC. If AD = $\frac{1}{3}$ BD, AE = 4.5 cm, find EC.



SECTION - E (Case Study Based Questions)

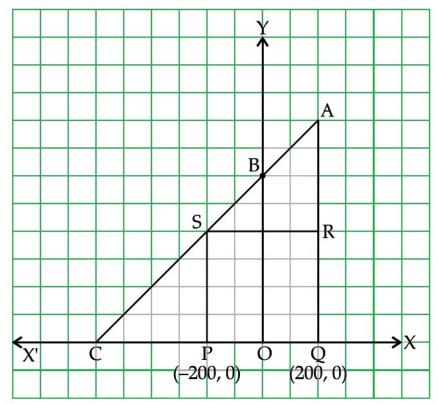
Questions 19 to 20 carry 4 marks each.

19. In the month of April to June 2022, the exports of passenger cars from India increased by 26% in the corresponding quarter of 2021–22, as per a report. A car manufacturing company planned to produce 1800 cars in 4th year and 2600 cars in 8th year. Assuming that the production increases uniformly by a fixed number every year.



Based on the above information answer the following questions.

- (i) Find the production in the 1st year.
- (1)
- (ii) Find the production in the 12th year.
- (1)
- (iii) Find the total production in first 10 years. (2)
 - OR
- (iii) In how many years will the total production reach 31200 cars? (2)
- **20.** Jagdhish has a field which is in the shape of a right angled triangle AQC. He wants to leave a space in the form of a square PQRS inside the field from growing wheat and the remaining for growing vegetables (as shown in the figure). In the field, there is a pole marked as O.



Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) Taking O as origin, coordinates of P are (-200, 0) and of Q are (200, 0). PQRS being a square, what are the coordinates of R and S?
- (ii) (a) What is the area of square PQRS?

OR

- (b) What is the length of diagonal PR in square PQRS?
- (iii) If S divides CA in the ratio K: 1, what is the value of K, where point A is (200, 800)?

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